

respiratory protection must be worn. The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

Hygiene Measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance & Colour: Brown Liquid	vapor Pressure: < 0.0001 mmHg @ 25 °C (77 °F)
Physical State: Liquid	vapor Density: Not available
Odour: Musty	Relative Density: 1.234 g/cm ³ @ 20°C (68°F)
Odour Threshold: Not available	Solubility in water: Insoluble - Reacts slowly with water to liberate CO ₂ gas
pH: Not applicable	Partition coefficient: Not available
Melting Point/Freezing Point: Not applicable	Auto Ignition Temp: Not available
Initial Boiling Point: 208°C (406.4°F)	Decomposition Temp: Not available
Flash Point: 198°C (388.4°F)	Dynamic Viscosity: 150 - 250 mPa.s @ 25°C (77°F)
Evaporation Rate: Not available	Specific Gravity: 1.24 @ 25°C (77°F)
Lower Flammable Limit: Not available	Explosive Properties: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit: Not available	

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: This is a stable material at room temperature.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Contact with moisture, other materials that react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 350°F(177°), may cause polymerization.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid high temperatures and heat.

Incompatibility (Materials to avoid): avoid water, amines, strong bases, alcohols, copper alloys.

Hazardous decomposition Products: By Fire and high heat: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, dense black smoke, isocyanate, isocyanic acid, other undetermined compounds.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological Information of the mixture:

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50: > 2000 mg/kg (rat, male/female)

Acute Inhalation Toxicity:

LC50: 0.49 mg/l, 490 mg/m³, 4 h, aerosol (rat)

The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Acute Dermal Toxicity:

LD50: > 9400 mg/kg (rabbit, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin Irritation: rabbit, slightly irritating.

Repeated Dose Toxicity: 90 Days, inhalation: NOAEL: 1 mg/m³, (rat, Male/Female, 6 hrs/day 5 days/week). Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.

2 years, inhalation: NOAEL: 0.2, (rat, Male/Female, 6 hrs/day 5 days/week). Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.

Mutagenicity:

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Bacterial - gene mutation assay: negative (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without)

Carcinogenicity:

Rat, Male/Female, inhalation, 2 Years, 6 hrs/day 5 days/week

LOAEL: 6mg/l

Polymeric MDI has been classified as IARC Group 3 ("Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans") (1999) indicating there is inadequate evidence available to describe the carcinogenic potential. Epidemiological studies found no association between isocyanates and cancer. In chronic exposure studies in rodents, pMDI produced tumors only at the highest exposure level of 6 mg/m³. This exposure level is significantly above the TLV for MDI (0.051 mg/m³). Based on the weight of the evidence, a determination of not classified for carcinogenicity is justified.

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity:

Rat, female, inhalation, gestation days 6-15, 6 hrs/day, NOAEL (teratogenicity): 12 mg/m³, NOAEL (maternal): 4 mg/m³

No Teratogenic effects observed at doses tested., Fetotoxicity seen only with maternal toxicity.

Toxicological Information of 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI):

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50:>7616 mg/kg(rat) (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50: 0.368 mg/l, 4 h, dust/mist (rat, male) (OECD Test Guideline 403)
The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

Acute Dermal Toxicity:

LD50: > 9400 mg/kg (rabbit, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 402)
Studies of a comparable product.

Skin Irritation:

rabbit, Draize Test, Slightly irritating
human, irritating

Eye Irritation:

rabbit, Draize, Moderately irritating
human, irritating

Sensitization:

Skin sensitization (local lymph node assay (LLNA)):: positive (Mouse, OECD Test Guideline 429)
Respiratory sensitization: positive (Guinea pig)

Repeated Dose Toxicity:

90 Days, inhalation: NOAEL: 0.3 mg/m³, (rat, Male/Female, 18 hrs/day, 5 days/week)
Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.
(Human)
Irritation to lungs and nasal cavity.

Mutagenicity:

Genetic Toxicity in Vitro:

Ames: (Salmonella typhimurium, Metabolic Activation: with/without)
Positive and negative results were reported. The use of certain solvents which rapidly hydrolyze diisocyanates is suspected of producing the positive mutagenicity results.

Genetic Toxicity in Vivo:

Micronucleus Assay: (Mouse)negative
Micronucleus test: negative (rat, male, Inhalative
(exposure period: 3x1h/day over 3 weeks))
negative

Carcinogenicity:

rat, Female, inhalation, 2 Years, 17 hrs/day, 5 days/week negative

Other Relevant Toxicity Information:

May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Ecotoxicity effects:**

Acute and prolonged Toxicity to Fish: LC0: > 1,000 mg/l (Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 h)

LC0: > 3,000 mg/l (Oryzias latipes (Orange-red killifish), 96 h)

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates:

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 24 h)

Toxicity to Aquatic Plants:

NOEC: 1,640 mg/l, End Point: growth (Green algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), 72 h)

Toxicity to microorganisms:

EC50: > 100 mg/l, (activated sludge, 3 h)

Biodegradation: 0%, Exposure time: 28 days, ie. Not degradable

Bioaccumulative Potential: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), exposure time: 112 days, <1, BCF does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility in Soil: Not available

Other adverse effects: Not available

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Disposal Procedure:**

Comply with Federal, provincial, and local regulations on reporting releases.

Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG (TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS) CLASSIFICATION: Not regulated

Class: Not regulated

Environmental Hazards: Not available

Special Precautions: Not available

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

References: Canadian Guide of the Law and Regulations of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods. Controlled products regulations. Manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet.

Regulatory Affairs Department: 519-754-1678

DATE: EnviroSeal HY Part A

REVISION 1

PREPARED BY: Regulatory Affairs group,
Quadrant Performance Materials